

LABOR CLARION.

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council and the California State Federation of Labor

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No. 18

"Labor Men, Be Up and Doing!" Advises Gompers.

BY SAMUEL GOMPERS.

Interest is constantly increasing, not only among the working people, but all the people, regarding the campaign which resulted from the presentation of Labor's Bill of Grievances to those responsible for federal legislation, and particularly for failure of legislation essential to the interests of the working people of our country. From trade unionists and friends of our movement all over the country come words of interest, cheer and encouragement. Each has a story to tell of success or disappointment in the past, of resentment to the powers that be, and a determination to stand by friends, punish enemies, and secure the election of men from the ranks of labor. Many inquiries are made as to the latest action of members of Congress relative to the legislative demands of labor, and also as to the policy to be pursued in their respective congressional districts. Others again have already mapped out their own plan of campaign, conforming generally to the policy declared by the American Federation of Labor.

In regard to the status of legislation there is little change to record. All labor's bills are "hanging fire."

The Judiciary Committee of the House has, by a majority vote, decided not to report to this session of Congress the bill to define and limit the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes. This committee, consisting exclusively of lawyers, has appointed a sub-committee to investigate the meaning of "property rights," with particular reference to its application to property rights in the laborer.

The House Committee on Labor, by a vote of four (Democrats) to two (Republicans), voted to report the Eight-Hour Bill. The bill has not yet been reported.

The bill giving each state the right to regulate the labor of its own convicts has made no progress, and so with nearly every bill in which labor particularly and the people generally are interested.

Considerable fuss and flurry is created by a railroad rate bill with the view of throwing dust in the eyes of the people. Of course, all are in a way interested in stopping the favoritism and discrimination of the railroad corporation, as between large and small shippers, but the keen observer naturally asks: "Why all this fuss? Where, after all, are the real interests of the people protected and advanced?"

When the bill passed the Senate, that body adopted one amendment abolishing the issuance of railroad passes by the companies, but upon close examination we discovered that this amendment contained a provision that could, and no doubt would, be construed to allow the free transportation, or transportation at reduced rates, of strike breakers to any given point. In that form the bill then went to a conference composed of three Senators and three members of the House. We then sent to each conferee a letter, of which the following is a copy:

Washington, D. C., May 31, 1906.

Hon. Shelby M. Cullom, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.—Dear Sir: H. R. 12987, commonly known as the Railroad Rate Bill, now having the consideration of the conferees on the part of the

House and Senate, contains a matter to which your attention is invited.

On pages 4, and 5 are to be found the Senate amendment relative to passes, free or reduced transportation. On page 5, lines 4 and 5 and part of 6, contains the following:

"Nor prevent such carrier from giving free or reduced transportation to laborers transported to any place for the purpose of supplying any demand for labor at such place."

It is presumed that this quoted amendment may have a laudable purpose for its basis, that of transporting laborers either free or at reduced rates to a point to supply labor, for which there may be a legitimate demand, but it is quite clear that unless this amendment is qualified in proper form, that if the bill be enacted as it is, it could and would be brought into play, when any controversy may exist between employer and employee, to the serious detriment of the interests of the working people in any laudable effort in which they may be engaged to protect their rights and interests; indeed the effect of this Senate amendment, without qualification, would be an invitation to do that very thing.

In order to obviate the evident injustice this may do to the working people of our country I prepared an amendment which I sincerely hope you may induce the conference to accept. It is as follows:

On page 5, line 6, after the word "place" strike out (.) and substitute (;) and then add the following:

Provided further that such demand for labor does not arise from any dispute between laborers and employers, or as a result of any strike or lockout.

Trusting that the suggestion which I make will commend itself of justice, and that you will give it your support to the end that it may be incorporated in the bill, I am, very respectfully yours,

Samuel Gompers,
President, American Federation of Labor.

[At this writing the "Labor Clarion" is not advised as to the fate of the amendment proposed by President Gompers.]

At this time no progress has been made toward the enactment of labor's bills.

Now as to the present campaign. We are strongly convinced that, among the wage-earners of our country, there are as honest, capable, faithful, and truly patriotic men as can be found in any other walk of life; that among them can be found men who would make far better representatives in all legislative halls than those who are the present incumbents—or rather those who now encumber these positions.

Look around, labor men and friends. Look around, you who do not sympathize with the aims and hopes of labor; see the men who now occupy conspicuous positions in the legislative halls of our country and states. They are great and brilliant men, 'tis true. But in what does their greatness and brilliancy show itself most? In manipulating the affairs of our people to best serve the interest of corporate and predatory wealth.

Where in any legislative measure or statesmanlike policy are the real rights and interests of the masses of the people protected or promoted?

The infusion of a large or a considerable number of men from the factories, shops, mills, mines, and farms into Congress and the state legislatures would give those bodies a healthier, a manlier, and a better tone. Their sterling honesty, their

sturdy common sense founded upon their experience and the real needs of the people, would help to bring to the legislative affairs of our country, of our time, and for all time, a new impetus to real progress and a higher civilization.

As wage earners it is our bounden duty to consider the affairs of our country from the viewpoint that would best serve our interests. As the wage-earners, the wealth producers, occupying the lowest stratum in society, any action which we may take that will improve our condition will have its beneficent influence upon all our people. Hence it is a truism which can not be successfully assailed that material improvement in the condition of the toiling masses makes for the entire human uplift. Nor is it necessary to offer any excuse or explanation for viewing the economic and political conditions from the standpoint of the toilers. Regardless of the position men occupy in our economic life when undertaking to advance their interests and their political activities, they are guided from their conception of their own interests. The fact that the wage-earners constitute so vast a number of our people and of our country, makes us entirely within the right when we declare that that which will most contribute toward the benefit of the working people of America is following the highest maxim of civilized government and society in the contest for the greatest good for the greatest number.

Our fellow-workers and our friends are intent upon securing the rightful claims which they so justly make upon modern society. As the wealth producers they are entitled, and they insist upon obtaining, a larger and better share of their wealth production.

Labor insists upon securing a workday of not more than eight hours. This demand is neither local nor national. It is the universal demand of the workers of all civilized countries.

The toilers of our country demand the right to be treated as equals before the law, and protest against the distortion of law and the violation of constitutional guarantees which make any action of theirs unlawful, which every other member of society may do without let or hindrance. For this purpose, and for this purpose alone, does labor demand the enactment of a law which shall make it impossible, by the abuse of the beneficent writ of injunction to invade the toilers' right to protect their interests and to work for a higher and a better life.

There is not a demand which labor has made for economic legislative reform that is not founded upon the highest conceptions of human right and justice, and which the whole history of industry has not demonstrated to be economically, politically, socially, and morally sound.

There is not a demand which labor has made that would not make for the betterment of every member of society.

Labor can not and will not recede from the position it has taken. It has not taken a step in advance that it will retract except to make its impress more firm. Even though impeded in its progress for a time, no power on earth can for any considerable period prevent its progress, advancement, and achievement.

Labor has presented its legislative demands to

those who are responsible for legislation, and for the failure of legislation, and has declared that unless these demands were heeded, would appeal to the conscience and the sympathy of our fellow workers and our fellow-citizens. The toiling masses of our country, the enlightened public sentiment of our people, are responding, and will aid us in this, our just cause.

Those members of Congress who have turned a deaf ear to the respectful and urgent requests for relief, will find that there is more earnestness and determination in labor's cause in their home towns than they have any conception of, and this they will realize in a more effective manner when the results in the congressional elections are known.

The wage-earners should by all means defeat those who have been hostile or indifferent to the demands of labor. Their best efforts should be concentrated in that direction.

Wherever possible, labor should elect its own men; see to it that they are nominated and elected. Wisdom forbids the nomination of any one in opposition in a district where a man has shown himself to be a true friend of labor and in accord with its aims and purposes, and thereby allow a well-known opponent to "slip in."

Do not accept the mere pretended offers of friendship as a sufficient guarantee to command labor's confidence and support. Only those should be counted friends who, by their course, have shown that their friendship is not merely mouthed, but is real and genuine.

Let us, all along the line, administer a stinging rebuke and defeat to all men or all parties who are indifferent, negligent, or hostile to labor's cause.

Maintain our unions absolute and be faithful to them, and in this, our present contest, exert every energy that the poltroon politicians may learn for all time that their day of pernicious political hostility has come to an end.

A stinging rebuke is sure to bring forth beneficial results, not only to workers, but also to the entire country.

NON-UNION PUBLICATIONS.

No magazine or pattern in this list should be in the home of any wage earner, in the home of any of his friends, or on any newsstand, as they have locked out their employes for demanding the eight-hour day.

New York, N. Y.—American Inventor, American Machinist, American Museum Journal, Automobile Topics, Benziger's Magazine, Bookman, Burr McIntosh, The Century, Christian Advocate, Country Life in America, Delineator, Designer, Engineering and Mining Journal, Forum, Garden Magazine, Gentlewoman, Homiletic Review, Journal of the Telegraph, L'Art de la Mode, Literary Digest, Magazine of Mysteries, Marine Engineering, McClure's, Mode and Revue, My Business Friend, Nautical Gazette, Navy League Journal, New Idea, Paragon Monthly, Photographic Times, Power, Power Boat News, The Rudder, Smart Set, St. Nicholas, Tales, Tom Watson's Magazine, Town and Country, Town Topics, Trust Companies, Typewriter and Phonographic World, Vogue, World's Work.

Boston, Mass.—Black Cat, Modern Priscilla, Green Bag.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Men and Women.

Springfield, Mass.—Good Housekeeping, New England Homestead, American Agriculturist, Farm and Home, Orange Judd Farmer.

Springfield, Ohio.—Woman's Home Companion.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Housekeeper.

Rochester, N. Y.—Spare Moments.

And the following **Patterns**—Banner, Butterick, La Belle, New Idea, Martha Dean, Standard, Home Dressmaker, Metropolitan Fashions and Little Folks.

Make a special drive against the Butterick publications and patterns, and McClure's Magazine.

Frank Bros., the well-known clothing and furnishing goods dealers, formerly located at Kearny and Sacramento streets, have secured commodious quarters at 1334-1354 Fillmore street, which they are stocking with the latest styles in men's wear.

Demand Union-Label collars and cuffs.

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL.

Synopsis of Minutes of the Regular Meeting

Held June 29, 1906.

Council called to order at 8:25 p. m., Vice-President Bell in the chair; minutes of the previous meeting approved.

Credentials—Retail Clerks, J. K. Jones, C. C. Cummings; Sail Makers, C. H. Hatch; Coopers, No. 131, S. Hollis, H. Wierda; Gas Workers, G. W. Bell, F. J. Breslin, J. M. Hester, P. V. Kearns, vice H. S. Cleveland; Waitresses, No. 48, Miss M. Andrews, Katie Bishoff, Louise La Rue, vice L. Drake, Stella Egar; Shoe Cutters, James Crosby; Musicians, H. Henke, C. T. Schuppert, G. Selo, L. Nicholson, J. Denis, W. C. Kittler, E. A. Lassalle.

Communications—Filed—From the Postoffice Clerks, requesting the Executive Committee to apply their portion of the A. F. of L. relief for dues. From the Sail Makers, acknowledging receipt for dues. From the A. F. of L., requesting undelivered mail to be forwarded to locals. From Insurance Commissioner Wolff, requesting the Council to lend encouragement to Professor Whitney's suggestions on insurance. From the A. F. of L., enclosing receipt for \$2.50 for per capita tax. From the Sailors' Union, thanking Council for the respect shown at the funeral of the late Andrew Kelner. From the Japanese and Korean League, requesting delegates to attend the next regular meeting of the League at Woodworkers' Hall, Twenty-second and Folsom streets, at 2 p. m., July 1st; Delegate Casey notified the Council he would be unable to attend the meetings; Chairman appointed Brother C. T. Schuppert to fill vacancy. Referred to Organizing Committee—Application for affiliation of the Piano, Organ and Musical Instrument Union of America, Local No. 2. Referred to Financial Secretary and requests granted—From the Retail Clerks, No. 432, requesting the Council to remit dues for three months, May, June and July. From the Cooks' Helpers, No. 110, requesting the Council to remit dues for four months. Referred to the Executive Committee—From C. E. Schmidt, requesting the privilege of the floor to answer statements made at the last meeting of the Council by a brother of the Butchers' local.

Reports of Unions—Molders—Business good; union still protesting against rate of wages paid members at the Mare Island Navy Yard and intends to have matter taken up by the Iron Trades Council. Cloak Makers—Business slow; difficulty with Citron & Breit has been adjusted satisfactorily to union. Butchers—Business good; all members of union will display the July monthly button, which is black on gold; union will hold its annual picnic at Shellmound Park, Sunday, July 15th. Steam Fitters—Business good; are having some trouble at Mare Island Navy Yard, but hope to adjust same in the coming week. Musicians—Business dull; report that the Glenwood Club, giving Saturday evening dances at Mannerbund Hall, Twenty-fourth and Potrero Avenue, are employing non-members of their union. Shoe Clerks—Business good, request the delegates to assist them in the 6 o'clock closing movement by not purchasing shoes the first five days of the week after 6 p. m. Garment Workers—Business dull; Heynemann & Co. have again resumed operations. Garment Cutters—Business slow; report that Goldstone Bros. of Oakland are employing Chinese cutters, and Murphy, Grant & Co. are erecting a factory in Oakland and contemplate doing likewise. Moved and seconded that Secretary again communicate with the Oakland Federated Trades requesting their co-operation in this matter, and give the same as much publicity as possible; carried. Beer Drivers—Business picking up. Waitresses—Business fair; members of union will again display working button. Cemetery Employes—Business fair; about 10 per cent of their members here were burned out. Sailors—Strike still on; union feels assured that it will gain a complete victory; also informed council that Sailors had complied with Hackmen's request in the funeral arrangements of their deceased brother. Milk Drivers—Business good; have established permanent headquarters at 419 Haight Street. Laundry Workers—Report that 1300 out of 1700 members have registered; only about 400 employed, as many laundries were destroyed by the fire; request all delegates to see that their laundry is done in this city in order that the balance of their members can secure work, it being reported that a great deal of the work is now being done in Oakland.

Executive Committee—Recommends: 1. That the application for a boycott by the Retail Shoe Clerks be laid over at their request. The Committee disposed of the balance of the relief fund to the following unions whose committees appealed for assistance: Garment Workers, \$48, to

be paid as dues; Rammermen, \$40; Bottle Caners, \$100; Sail Makers, \$50; Barber Shop Porters, \$50; Hackmen, \$100; Machine Hands, \$45, leaving a balance in fund of \$5.50 for miscellaneous expenses.

Organizing Committee—Report that the members of the committee are not taking enough interest in the organizing work, as the meetings are being very poorly attended; the sub-committee will visit the next regular meeting of the Press Feeders and Assistants for the purpose of having union rescind action taken last March in reference to withdrawing from the Council. In conjunction with Organizers Holmquist and Zant of the State Federation of Labor the committee discussed ways and means of improving the local situation. Report received as progressive.

Law and Legislative Committee—The committee submitted a report in reference to the spur tracks. Moved and seconded that that report be re-referred to the committee and it be notified that the street committee of the Board of Supervisors meets Thursday morning at 11 o'clock; carried.

Hall Committee—Report that the formal papers relating to the lease of lot on Fourteenth Street near Mission, will be signed in a day or two; committee has secured permit from the Board of Public Works to erect a two-story frame structure on lot and will receive bids this coming week. The committee announces that during the next week it would call on various unions and request loans for the building fund. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent a year would be paid on the loans, and the stock of the Hall Corporation to be formed would be pledged as security for the loans. Unions advancing considerable sums of money will be given representation on the Board of Directors of the Hall Corporation. The profits of the halls and offices will be placed in a special fund until sufficient money has been accumulated to pay off on demand the largest loan made to the corporation. The committee believes it will be necessary to raise about \$6,000 for building purposes and \$2000 to furnish the halls. The committee announced that the plans provided for three halls on the first floor, one to be 28x39x8; one 18x29x3, and the other 18x28x3, with suitable ante-rooms. This floor will also contain four office-rooms and space for a cigar stand. The second floor will have a hall 38x10x53x8, and eight office-rooms. After reporting the foregoing in relation to the plans of the committee and its policy with regard to the terms on which it would ask affiliated unions to advance money, the committee asked that objections to its policy be made then and there, otherwise the committee would regard its policy as having the approval of the Council. No objections were offered to the plans and policy outlined by the Hall Committee.

Nominations for Unexpired Terms—Moved and seconded that nominations lay over until regular election; carried.

New Business—Secretary McCabe introduced resolutions requesting the Council's executive officers, in connection with Labor Commissioner W. V. Stafford, to appeal to the Commissioners in charge of the distribution of the \$6,000,000 now in relief fund, to take steps whereby the many thousand working people now living in tents can be housed. Moved and seconded that the resolution be adopted. Carried. [The resolutions are printed elsewhere in this issue of the "Labor Clarion."]

Receipts—Baggage Messengers, \$8; Barber Shop Porters, \$8; Bootblacks, \$16; Bottle Caners, \$8; Cemetery Employes, \$16; Janitors, \$16; Machine Hands, \$8; Paste Makers, \$16; P. O. Clerks, \$8; Sailmakers, \$8; Ship Drillers, \$8; Stablemen, \$32; Undertakers, \$8; Ship Scalpers, \$8; Salmon Packers, \$16; Wool Sorters and Graders, \$8; Soap Makers, \$16; Stationary Firemen, \$12; Pie Bakers, \$4; Musicians, \$42; Gas Workers, \$8; Cooks, \$8; Upholsterers, \$12; Bakers, No. 24, \$14; Coopers, No. 28, \$4; Bakery Drivers, \$8; Teamsters, \$20; Shoe Workers, No. 216, \$8; Steam Fitters, \$8. Total, \$356.

Expenses—Secretary, \$30; carfare, \$1.40; stenographer, \$15; P. Scharenberg, \$15; A. M. Tiedeman, \$10; H. S. Crocker Co., 2 cans ink, \$4.50; Brown & Power, \$1.25; Pacific States Tel & Tel. Co., \$7.50; W. N. Brunt Co., printing, \$11.50; office postage, \$3; total, \$99.15.

Council adjourned at 10:25 p. m.

Wm. P. McCabe, Secretary.

Wallenstein & Frost is the title of one of the new furnishing goods firms to open on Van Ness avenue. Mr. Wallenstein was formerly manager of the furnishing goods department of S. N. Wood & Co., and for several years represented the Retail Clerks, Local No. 432, in the Labor Council. He held several important positions in the Council during his service as delegate.

MUSICIANS' MUTUAL PROTECTIVE UNION.

Headquarters and Secretaries' offices, 68 Haight street.

The regular monthly meeting of the Union will be held on Thursday, July 12th, 1906, in Devisadero Hall, 321 Devisadero street, between Page and Oak streets, at 1:30 p. m. sharp.

To be acted upon: 1. Report of the Board of Directors. 2. Quarterly reports of officers.

The Board of Directors held its usual weekly meeting on June 26th, President Jacob Kunzelman in the chair. J. Figone was granted permission to withdraw application for membership made prior to April 18th. Messrs. J. C. Blazer and W. E. McCurdy were reinstated to membership in good standing. Miss J. Maclaren was given an extension of time wherein to complete full membership in Local No. 6. C. Wilbur was suspended from membership pending a settlement of the claim presented by Local No. 310, of New York city.

The membership of the M. M. P. U. was greatly shocked to learn of the untimely death of Emanuel Silva at Stockton, California, on June 21st, as an unfortunate result of a fall from a bicycle. The late member was widely known and loved for his modest nature, unassuming ways, exceptional ability and goodheartedness, and his loss is regretted by all. The sympathy of friends and acquaintances goes out to his family in their bereavement.

The Band of the League of the Cross Cadets, an organization that has occupied the public eye to a considerable extent by reason of the advertising that it has received, as well as because of its connections, has openly acknowledged a complete change of policy towards the Musicians' Mutual Protective Union, inasmuch as it is authoritatively stated that a contract has been made whereby the services of the band will be furnished for a concert in Oakland, on July 4th, at a certain stated amount per man. Heretofore, this so-called amateur band has emphatically denied through representatives that it endeavored to secure contracts to perform musical services on a paid basis. The claim was made that for such occasions that the band performed in public, other than for functions of the parent organization, that remuneration was not bargained for, nor accepted, and such performances of the band were purely voluntary, the result of the acceptance of invitations altogether in the interest of charity or a desire to satisfy the artistic longings of members of the band.

It is with great surprise that the new departure is observed. However, now that it has been decided to enter the professional ranks, it is but reasonable to suppose that the individual members of the band will conclude that membership in Local No. 6, A. F. of Musicians, is a necessary and proper measure to be taken to justify the attempt to compete with bona-fide professional musicians for employment in their chosen vocation.

BOOKBINDERS.

The members of Brotherhood of Bookbinders, Local No. 31, began to enjoy an eight-hour workday last Monday, thereby making the eight-hour day common to the printing trades. The Printers, Pressmen and Press Feeders established the eight-hour day in this city some time ago, and last December the Bookbinders announced that they would ask for the shorter workday the first of the year. After several conferences with the employers, it was finally arranged that the eight-hour day was to begin July 2d, and this arrangement has been carried out. Owing to the destruction of the local bookbinderies by the fire of April 18th, many of the members of Local No. 31 have been working eight hours in the Oakland binderies and in the places rebuilt here. This was due to the fact that the binderies were running three shifts daily, which, of course, was an emergency measure. The struggles of the Printers and Pressmen to establish the eight-hour day here some time ago resulted in the Bookbinders securing the shorter workday without a strike or lockout, although the local was prepared for either, as it has been accumulating a defense fund of generous proportions for some time past.

Hereafter Local No. 31 will meet at headquarters, Twin Peaks Hall, Seventeenth and Noe streets, on Saturday evenings instead of Saturday afternoons.

The committee appointed by the Labor Bureau Association to secure a site for permanent headquarters has selected a lot on McAllister street, near Gough, on which it is proposed to erect a three-story frame building, the ground floor to be used for stores.

Demand Union-Label collars and cuffs.

BARBERS.

There have been several changes in the offices of the Barbers' Union of late. Sig. Oppenheimer has been elected President; Fred Smith, Recorder, and at the last meeting Vice-President James Love, who recently buried his mother and daughter, resigned. This vacancy, as well as two vacancies in the Labor Council delegation, will be filled at the next meeting.

The Barbers have received about \$5,000 for relief of burned-out members. The first instalment of \$1,000 was used for the purchase of tools immediately after the fire, and there are now about 200 claims on file for other relief.

The members of the union are all working, and many barbers are returning to the city. Conditions are not altogether satisfactory, many shops ignoring the 8 o'clock closing regulation. Members of unions are requested to patronize only those shops that display the union card and close at 8 p. m.

It is stated that there were 360 10-cent shops and 16 barber "colleges" in the city before the fire. Now there are only three or four 10-cent places and but one "barber college."

RETAIL SHOE CLERKS.

Retail Shoe Clerks Union, No. 410, has elected the following officers: President, Milton Cohn; First Vice-President, W. R. Carter; Second Vice-President, C. C. Cummings; Recording Secretary, Max E. Licht; Financial Secretary, E. A. Levy; Treasurer, J. B. Cunningham; Guide, W. J. Hennessy; Inside Guard, C. A. Davis; Outside Guard, W. J. Sanderson; Trustee, H. V. Carter; Delegates to Labor Council, J. K. Jones and Milton Cohn; Delegates to the District Council of Retail Clerks, Max E. Licht, W. J. Hennessy, C. A. Davis and P. H. Markowitz.

The local has been quite successful in inducing retail shoe dealers to observe the 6 o'clock closing regulation.

RETAIL CLERKS.

Retail Clerks Union, No. 432, has elected the following officers: President, G. M. Lipman; First Vice-President, S. Fox; Second Vice-President, S. Selig; Recording Secretary, Charles Lee; Financial Secretary, W. McCume; Treasurer, W. T. Hobson.

A committee was appointed to wait on the merchants of the city to insist upon the observance of the 6 o'clock closing rule.

The local will give a picnic in the near future and the following committee of arrangements was appointed: W. H. Stansbury, A. W. Reid, George Milne, G. Bonn and D. J. Williams.

IRON MOLDERS.

There were several lively contests for officers of Iron Molders' Union, No. 164, at the election held Thursday, the 28th ult. These are the officers chosen: President, J. J. Field; Vice-President, H. Edwards; Recording Secretary, A. T. Wynn; Financial Secretary and Business Agent, I. A. Sullivan; Treasurer, Jas. De Succa; Inductor, J. Gorman; Doorkeeper, D. Holleran; Auditing Committee—F. Moss, H. Hextrum, J. Wynn; Delegates to Labor Council—Wm. P. McCabe, J. J. Field, W. Healey, H. Hextrum, D. Holleran; Executive Committee—Wm. P. McCabe, I. A. Sullivan, A. T. Wynn, W. Doorley, H. Drew, H. Hextrum, M. Eagan.

COOKS' HELPERS.

The following officers of Cooks' Helpers, No. 110, were installed last Tuesday evening: President, J. Schwarz; First Vice-President, Arthur Wilson; Second Vice-President, Thomas Kane; Recording Secretary, Charles Rodman; Financial Secretary and Treasurer, Henry Huber.

The union is making good progress, the members being practically all employed, while applications for membership are being received weekly.

The Stable Keepers' and Carriage Owners' Association and the Hackmen's Union have notified the Undertakers' Association that on and after July 1 no carriages will be furnished any undertaker conducting a funeral by funeral car from any other station than Thirtieth street and San Jose avenue, as was formerly agreed to by that association.

C. A. Templeton, E. O. Smith, E. McNeil and Guy Lathrop have been chosen to represent Carpenters' Union, No. 483, at the convention of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America to be held in Niagara Falls, N. Y., beginning September 17th.

WAITERS.

The semi-annual election of officers of Waiters' Alliance, Local No. 30, was held on Wednesday, the 27th ult., and the following were the successful candidates: President, M. P. Scott; Vice-President, C. D. Laughlin; Recording and Financial Secretary, Theodore Johnson; Treasurer, Fred. Emery; Business Agent, Thomas Aylward; Trustees—F. F. Smith, A. C. Hoffman, W. C. Davis; Delegates to Local Joint Executive Board—O. W. Maguire, C. D. Laughlin and Theodore Johnson; alternates, J. D. Kirkpatrick, Anton Braun and F. F. Smith; Executive Board—Ed. McKenna, Chas. H. Graham, C. D. Laughlin, O. W. McGuire, Andrew Johnson, F. F. Smith, Wm. Phippen, Fred. Emery, E. Spahr, A. C. Hoffman, Michael Kenney, Frank S. Pitman; Delegates to Labor Council—Theodore Johnson, Burt La Rue, Thomas Aylward, J. D. Kirkpatrick, O. W. McGuire, M. P. Scott, Ed. McKenna, C. D. Laughlin, W. C. Davis, A. J. Sivell.

Members of the Waiters' Union in good standing wear the monthly working button conspicuously displayed while on duty. Members of organized labor are requested to bear this fact in mind when patronizing restaurants. If the place is a union house, the waiter or waitress will wear the union button.

These officers were installed at the meeting held Thursday afternoon.

The initiation fee of the Waiters has been reduced to \$2.75 until October 1st.

LAUNDRY WORKERS.

Steam Laundry Workers, Local No. 26, installed the following officers at the regular meeting last Monday evening: President, Guy F. Thurber; Vice-President, Miss Annie Mullen; Secretary, Miss Carrie Parmer; Treasurer, J. Flannagan; Business Agent, Robert E. Ewing; Sergeants-at-Arms, John Morris and Louis Matter; Trustee, J. D. Campbell; Executive Board, James Farren, Joseph Jaubert, L. A. Greenlaw, Mrs. Emma O'Keefe, Charles Liniger, George Theison and J. F. Bolts; Delegates to the Labor Council, Guy F. Thurber, D. J. Gorman, Fred Graham, George Theison, Annie Mullen, Joe Johnson, Charles Liniger, Annie Brown and Mrs. Emma O'Keefe.

The union has provided a large quantity of clothing for members who were burned out, the generous donations of money from sister locals and the international having been largely applied in this manner.

Several of the laundries that were burned are being rebuilt, but there is still a large number of laundry workers unemployed.

The union has headquarters at Twin Peaks Hall, Seventeenth and Noe streets.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

Electrical Workers, No. 151, installed the following officers last Tuesday evening: President, J. F. Leonard; Vice-President, George Flatley; Recording Secretary, P. O. Peterson; Financial Secretary, J. C. Kelly; Trustees, D. Beebe, W. E. Kelly, J. A. Scott; Foreman, W. D. Fogus; Inspectors, James Shea, W. A. Bidleman; Delegates to Labor Council, George Cooney, J. Kenney, W. N. Couey, W. F. Ford, E. S. Huley; Business Agent, H. Wolf; Executive Committee—Linemen, A. Heroux, F. Ball, A. T. Thompson; Trimmer, F. Macomber; Station, Construction and Shop men, W. Lazarus; Operators, H. H. Bell; Underground men, W. McConaughy; Press Secretary, E. S. Hurley.

Practically all the members of No. 151, are employed.

BARTENDERS.

Al. Condrotte has resigned his position as Business Agent of the Bartenders' Union to accept a position with the Southern Pacific Company. President George J. Ferris succeeds Mr. Condrotte.

Efficient bartenders may be obtained on application at the headquarters of the league, 431 Ivy avenue.

Phillip Hunter has been elected Sergeant-at-Arms of the league.

The re-opening of saloons has, of course, given considerable impetus to the Bartenders' League, and many applications for membership are being received.

STATIONARY FIREMEN.

Stationary Firemen, Local No. 86, met at Laurel Hall, 1180 Kentucky street, on the 26th ult., and elected the following officers: President, J. H. Smith; Vice-President, James P. Daly; Financial Secretary, Thomas Miller; Recording Secretary, Emil F. Kraut; Treasurer, A. G. Bruederly; Guardian, Charles Tyler; Guide, W. C. Donnelly; Reporter, Thomas F. Quinn.

LABOR CLARION.

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THE LABOR COUNCIL'S HALL.

At various times for many years past the building of a Labor Temple in San Francisco has been agitated, and on one occasion the proposition was carried to the point where the collection of money was actually begun; but the plans formulated failed of consummation and the money collected was refunded. Since the fire, however, what had been an enterprise that found few supporters willing to contribute funds has become practically a necessity to the labor movement, and when, several weeks ago, President Richard Cornelius of the Street Carmen's Union advocated, on the floor of the Labor Council, the appointment of a special committee to secure a site on which to erect permanent headquarters for the Council, the proposition met with instant favor.

The committee was fortunate in being able to secure a centrally located site with little difficulty—a lot, 40 by 100 feet, situated on Fourteenth street, sixty feet west of Mission. The committee negotiated a lease of this property for a period of six and one-half years from July 1st, at a very moderate rental.

When the proposition of securing permanent headquarters for the Council was first suggested, the plan of purchasing a site outright was considered, but was soon abandoned for several reasons. In the first place, conditions in this city are too unsettled at the present time to enable any one to determine with certainty what locality would be desirable for a labor temple site after the reconstruction of the city has been completed. Again, real estate values in the burned district and in territory adjoining that section are greatly inflated at the present time. Furthermore, the purchase of a site and the construction of a permanent building would, at this time, require a sum of money much larger than could readily be secured at once without making a severe drain on the union treasuries that just now can be and are being utilized for more pressing demands on them. For these reasons no attempt was made to purchase a permanent site, and time will undoubtedly justify the wisdom of the policy adopted.

The plans of the committee provide for a two-story frame structure, which will cost not less than \$6000, and about \$2000 more will be required for furnishings.

The first floor will contain three halls and five office rooms, one of the latter to be probably arranged for a cigar stand, which will undoubtedly prove a profitable business venture. The largest hall on this floor will be 39x28 feet, capable of seating over 200 people comfortably. The two other halls will be 18x29 and 18x27 feet respectively, and each will accommodate over 100 people. The second floor will contain eight or nine office rooms, four of which will front on Fourteenth street and have bay windows. The hall on this floor will be 58x39 feet, and will accommodate about 500 people. This hall will be so arranged that it will serve as a first-class dance hall as well as meeting place.

The furnishings of the halls will be up-to-date in every particular. Especial attention will be given to ventilation, and in this respect the halls

will far surpass a large majority of the old halls of the city.

The committee has already begun the work of raising the necessary funds, and the progress in this direction has been so satisfactory that the committee feels assured of securing pledges for the entire amount required within a very short time. The Executive Board of the Street Carmen's Union was the first organization called on, and the board has agreed to recommend to the union that a loan of \$2000 be made. The Gas Workers' Executive Committee will advise its union to advance \$500 at once, and more later if needed. Officials of other organizations who have informed themselves of the details of the committee's plans will, when their unions are formally requested to advance funds, strongly advocate the loan of liberal sums.

The plan of the committee provides for the formation of a hall corporation, the stock of which is to be owned by the Labor Council exclusively. The unions advancing money for building and furnishing the structure will be paid interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, and the stock of the corporation will be pledged as security for these loans. The first profits of the corporation will be placed in a special fund until an amount is accumulated sufficient to pay on demand the largest loan made by any one union. The purpose of this provision is to guard against the possibility of any union being unable in time of trouble, to speedily convert its claim against the hall corporation into cash.

The number of directors of the hall corporation has not been definitely decided, owing to the fact that it is the intention to give the unions advancing the larger sums of money representation on the Board of Directors until their loans are repaid. These unions will also be given the preference in the allotment of office room.

The money advanced by the unions will, of course, be repaid as quickly as possible, and after these debts are liquidated, the net income for the rest of the term of the lease will be placed in a permanent building fund.

Fixing the rents to be charged at figures below those prevailing before the fire, and making very conservative estimates of the income from the halls, the committee believes the permanent building fund will amount to from \$12,000 to \$15,000 at the expiration of the lease. With this amount in hand, and the experience of several years to demonstrate the success of an enterprise of this nature, the Labor Council will have no difficulty in erecting on its own ground a labor temple of which all union men and women may feel proud, and which, indeed, will be surpassed by no structure of the kind in the country.

The temporary structure to be erected now will not, of course, accommodate all the unions of the Labor Council with meeting places, but, excluding those which for various reasons will find it more convenient to hold their meetings in other and widely separated sections of the city, a large majority of the organizations will meet in the Council's building. The advantages of having a central meeting place of this character for labor unions are many, a fact that is generally recognized by those who have given the matter any attention.

Contractors are now making estimates on the building, and its construction will be commenced as soon as possible.

The committee has taken precaution to safeguard the interests of the Labor Council in every way possible, and has been guided in its negotiations for the lease by the Council's attorney, John H. Marble.

The by-laws to govern the hall corporation will be drafted at an early date and submitted to the Council for its approval. The special committee which has had this enterprise in charge will probably continue its work until the full amount of money required is raised, and, this work done, and the plans for the corporation formulated in

detail, the further conduct of the enterprise will be turned over to the Board of Directors to be selected by the Council and the unions contributing sufficient funds to entitle them to representation on the board.

Applications for office room and meeting halls in the proposed building are being made already, and it is a certainty that the capacity of the building will be fully taxed from the moment it is completed. The construction work will probably occupy sixty days' time.

Several other labor organizations are planning to erect permanent headquarters. The Building Trades Council will erect a hall at Fourteenth and Guerrero streets, and the Labor Bureau Association will build on McAllister street, near Gough, while the Electrical Workers and two or three other unions are considering plans for building. If all of these projects are carried out, however, tenants for the full capacity of the buildings can readily be found among the labor unions alone.

THE SAILORS' STRIKE.

The efforts of Mayor Schmitz to induce the United Shipping and Transportation Association to agree to arbitrate its differences with the Sailors, Firemen, and Cooks and Stewards appear to have been futile, notwithstanding the fact that the Mayor has made three formal attempts to bring about arbitration. What further efforts the Mayor will make to effect a settlement are not known at this time, but it is unlikely that he will let the matter drop.

There has been but little practical change in the situation itself. The ship-owners find it impossible to secure competent men to man their vessels, and the few steam schooners that have left port are manned by nondescripts who are of little service, the work of navigating the vessels being done almost entirely by the officers. The same condition exists on some of the large steamships which the United Shipping and Transportation Association has involved in the trouble in the prosecution of their "open-shop" campaign. Secretary Furuseth appealed to the local Federal authorities to have the laws relating to the undermanning of vessels enforced, but his appeals were unheeded. He then sent a lengthy communication to the Supervising Inspector-General at Washington, supported by several affidavits setting forth the conditions existing on the non-union vessels. What the result of this complaint will be is problematical, although the law on the subject is very clear, and, if enforced, would effectually stop the recent practices of the ship-owners in sending vessels to sea manned by men who know nothing of the work required of seamen and who, in many instances, are unable to understand the language spoken by the officers.

Another shooting affray in which non-unionists did the shooting occurred a couple of days ago, when Charles Ohman, a picket of the Sailors' Union on duty on the Oakland water front, was shot in the forearm by an Italian strike-breaker. At this writing Ohman's assailant has not been apprehended.

The Sailors are supremely confident of winning their fight for reasonable conditions, and events thus far seem to fully warrant their confidence.

LABORERS' MASS MEETING.

T. E. Zant and C. W. Holmquist, the organizers of the State Federation of Labor, have arranged to hold a mass meeting of the men engaged in the work of clearing away the debris of the burned district. This meeting will be held next Sunday, at 2 p. m., at Van Ness avenue and Market streets. The object of the meeting is the organization of these men, and the meeting will be addressed by Walter Macarthur, editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal; Secretary McCabe of the Labor Council, and several other well-known members of organized labor.

HOUSING THE HOMELESS.

The most important problem the committees and commission in control of the relief funds have before them is the housing of the thousands of small property-owners whose dwellings were destroyed and who cannot, with their own resources, rebuild, and also the many non-property-owners in camps who cannot secure suitable houses at reasonable rentals. The supply of houses or apartments to be had for moderate rentals is exhausted, and private enterprise cannot be depended on to keep pace with the demand. All the building operations now in progress are confined almost exclusively to the erection of structures for business purposes. A moment's consideration will convince any one having even superficial knowledge of conditions here that this state of affairs will continue for some time—a period far too long to contemplate with equanimity.

Proper regard for the best interests of the community demands that the relief camps be abolished at the earliest day possible. Their maintenance for a considerable length of time would result in the pauperization of their inhabitants—a condition to be guarded against at all hazards.

To every man able to work who is worth having as a resident of the community life in the camps is decidedly obnoxious, and it is his desire to resume normal conditions of living at the earliest possible moment. Thousands of men, with families, would leave the camps tomorrow could they secure houses, but, as stated heretofore, the houses are not to be had at rentals that the ordinary workingman can afford to pay.

This problem has received attention in several quarters already, but, up to date, no definite solution appears to have been determined on. Recognizing the fact that the men controlling the \$6,000,000 relief fund are those who must solve this problem, the Labor Council, last Friday evening, adopted resolutions having for their object the immediate inauguration of this most necessary relief work, and instructed its executive officers to appear before the Relief Commission at once and urge that body to speedily formulate plans to provide homes for the thousands of worthy citizens who are temporarily powerless to re-establish themselves and families in decent homes. At this writing the representatives of the Labor Council had not had an opportunity to confer with the authorities, but such conference will be held before the week ends, and it is confidently expected that good results will follow.

The resolutions adopted by the Labor Council are as follows:

"Whereas, There are in the neighborhood of three or four thousand working people now living in tents who own lots; and,

"Whereas, Owing to lack of funds, due to the procrastinating policy of the insurance companies, these small property-owners are unable to build homes for themselves; and,

"Whereas, Many such property-owners are forced to rent houses from other land-owners for the time being, thus depriving the many non-property-owners to this extent of the opportunity of renting homes at any price, or compelling them to pay very unreasonable rents; and,

"Whereas, The reports of unions show that most of our working people who are at present employed are more than willing to pay any reasonable rental demanded by landlords; and,

"Whereas, It will be impossible for the working people to continue their daily vocations if they are compelled (through neglect of the authorities having the power to remedy this state of affairs) to live in tents much longer under the unsanitary and other prevailing conditions obnoxious to those performing manual labor, and which are also detrimental to the morals of this community; and,

"Whereas, It is quite evident that the real estate dealers and large land-owners, in pursuance of this policy to maintain inflated valuations and high rentals, may be expected to oppose any effort to provide cheap homes for the people; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the San Francisco Labor Council, through its executive officers, in conjunction with State Labor Commissioner W. V.

Stafford, appeal to the commission in charge of the distribution of the six million dollars now in its possession, for the purpose of inducing the commissioners to take some steps to provide homes for the many thousands of our people who we believe are willing to give sufficient security for the purchase of living quarters to be erected on their own lots; and, further

"Resolved, That we urge the commissioners to purchase a tract of land, and provide thereon homes for the many thousands of people not owning their own lots, exacting a small monthly rental to apply on the purchase price, thus enabling these people to acquire their own homes if they so desire; and, further

"Resolved, That the commissioners, if it becomes necessary, recommend to the proper authorities that they exercise the power of eminent domain to secure sufficient lands to build homes for the working people who desire to remain in this city, and who were deprived of their homes by the recent calamity; and further

"Resolved, That steps be taken to have the proper authorities give effect to the above suggestions at the earliest possible date."

MARE ISLAND METHODS.

A couple of weeks ago the "Labor Clarion" called attention to the wage-cutting policy of the Mare Island Navy Yard authorities, but it seems that this was not the only practice of these officials that merits condemnation. A month or so ago the Mare Island officials sent notices to many machinists, molders and other mechanics to report for work. Quite a number of men journeyed from distant points in answer to this call, expecting, of course, to secure employment for a considerable period and to be paid the rate of wages their skill entitled them to. How these men, by a process of classification, were paid less than the prevailing schedule of wages in their craft, has already been explained in these columns. Last Saturday, however, another chapter was added to the grievances of the men recently employed in the navy yard. The fiscal year ended on that day, and wholesale discharges followed, fifty machinists alone being laid off. Some of these men came from Arizona to accept work in the navy yard, and consequently they feel quite bitter toward the authorities responsible for the shabby treatment accorded them. If the Mare Island authorities deliberately planned to assist private firms in bringing more men to this city than could find employment readily—a situation generally welcomed by many employers—they would have pursued the policy credited to them. Whether this is so or not, some one in authority at Mare Island has certainly juggled with the employment situation in a manner that deserves the severe condemnation heard among the craftsmen affected. The methods of disreputable employment agents should find no imitators in the ranks of Uncle Sam's officials.

PLUMBERS ON STRIKE.

The Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Union ordered a strike, beginning last Monday, to enforce an increase in wages from \$5 to \$6 a day. The action of the union is being resisted by the Master Plumbers' Association, and the Building Trades Council, in conformity with its recent declaration against increases in wage schedules at this time, has condemned the action of the union, and it is reported that the Council will take radical steps to compel the Plumbers to content themselves with the \$5 scale. Two large association firms have granted the demands of the union. The situation promises serious results if a settlement is not soon effected.

The Printing Pressmen, at their recent convention in Pittsburg, passed a resolution declaring for the inauguration of the eight-hour day at the expiration of the present agreement with the United Typothetae in 1907. The next convention will be held in New York city. James Bowman of Chicago made a hard fight to secure the Presidency, two ballots being taken before President Higgins was re-elected.

TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS.

The headquarters of San Francisco Typographical Union, No. 21, are now located at 342 Ninth street, at the "Daily News" building, where the business of the organization will be conducted until such time as permanent headquarters are secured. The management of the "Daily News" has gone to considerable expense and trouble to fix up comfortable quarters for the union and have refused absolutely to accept rent for the rooms.

At the meeting of Oakland Typographical Union, No. 36, on Saturday night last, the request of San Francisco Union to continue the agreement to recognize working cards of this union in Oakland offices was agreed to and our members will not be required to transfer membership for the time being.

Leo Michelson, for many years employed on the "Examiner," has tendered his resignation and will accept a position on the "Evening Post." At a special meeting of the "Examiner" Chapel held on Monday last George Branch was elected chairman to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Michelson.

The contents of the safe belonging to the Press cafe, adjoining the old Examiner building at Third and Market streets, were recovered from the ruins on Tuesday of this week. The sum of \$295, dues and assessments of the "Examiner" Chapel, that had been placed in this safe over night by the chairman of that office was recovered and turned over to Secretary White. The money was all in gold coin and the depreciation in value by the heat will be slight, if any. Five hundred dollars in paper money in an adjoining box in the safe, was entirely destroyed.

James ("Shorty") McDonnell, well known in this city and elsewhere on the Coast, has been elected delegate to the Colorado Springs convention from Butte, Mont.

The Western Laborer ("Sadie McGuire's" paper) announces that an Omaha man has discovered irregularities in the I. T. U. election returns which will result in the election of Armstrong instead of Sheppard as Trustee of the Union Printers' Home. According to the Western Laborer, the vote of Superior (Wis.) Typographical Union should not have been counted for the reason that the union was in arrears for per capita tax. If the vote of Superior is thrown out, Armstrong would defeat Sheppard by 5 votes. The Western Laborer's "digger" gives dates and figures from the Typographical Journal in support of his contention. What the result will be is problematical. Boston Typographical Union is on the warpath because its vote was thrown out, and a big delegation of Bostonians will be at Colorado Springs to air the grievances of their union and incidentally propose some radical legislation amending the election laws. This session this year bids fair to rival the Toronto gathering in "strenuousity."

STATE LABOR COMMISSIONER.

State Labor Commissioner W. V. Stafford, who secured offices in Oakland immediately after the fire, is now located in the nave of the Ferry building.

The National Metal Trades Association, with headquarters in Cincinnati, has been sending in strike breakers in large numbers to Indianapolis to take the places of union machinists. Transportation is furnished these men and they bind themselves to give the association charge of their tools and effects until they have worked out the amount of their indebtedness. Some of the men claimed they were not told that a strike was on and wanted to quit, but the employers are holding their tools, as they claim, under contract. Mayor Bookwalter has taken a hand in the difficulty, and some way is to be found to get back the tools for the dissatisfied strike breakers.

The Chicago authorities have started a crusade against filthy bakeries. The conditions under which men are compelled to work in some of the Chicago bakeries are said to be as bad as those prevailing in the packing houses previous to the recent exposures.

The Garment Workers' Union intends to seek legislation to prevent the employment of children in the manufacture of army uniforms. The authorities claim that under the present law they are powerless to stop this abuse.

Demand shirts and ready-made clothing bearing the Garment Workers' Union label.

Demand Union-Stamped shoes

DIRECTORY OF LABOR UNIONS.

Following is a list of unions affiliated to the Labor Council which have established headquarters; also meeting places, and names and addresses of Secretaries or Business Agents where such have been furnished the Secretary of the Labor Council (where this information has not been obtained, the address of a delegate, if known, is given):

Alaska Salmon Packers—Ramon Villanera, Secy.; headquarters 1131 O'Farrell.
Bakers, No. 24—Meet at headquarters, 1st-3d Saturdays, 2570 Geary; D. Schwarting, Secy.
Bakery Wagon Drivers—R. Hildebrand, Secy., 2531 Post.
Bakers (Crackers), No. 125—Wm. Eckhardt, 1501 Grove.
Bakers (Pie), No. 275—John Bathman, 1804 San Pablo ave., Oakland. Meets first and third Wednesdays, Mission Turner Hall, 18th and Valencia.
Barbers—J. L. Bleily, Secy., 224 Clement. Meet 1805 Devisadero, Sundays, 3 p. m.
Barber Shop Porters and Bath House Employes—H. A. Harby, Sutro Baths.
Bartenders, No. 41—A. Condrotte, Business Agent, headqrs. 425 Ivy ave., P. L. Hoff, Secy. Blacksmiths (Ship and Machine), No. 168—Meet 1st-3d Thursdays, 2089 15th.
Blacksmiths' Helpers—George Furey, Secy. 262 Waller. Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, 260 Noe.
Bookbinders, No. 31—Headqrs Twin Peak Hall, 17th and Noe. Meet every Saturday at 8 p. m. at headqrs.
Boot and Shoe Workers, No. 216—Anna Gill, Secy., 960 Capp.
Boot and Shoe Repairers—Geo. Gallagher, Secy., 502 Hickory ave.
Brewery Workmen, No. 7—A. Siewierski, Secy., headqrs 260 Noe. Meet second and fourth Saturdays at headqrs.
Beer Drivers, No. 227—G. Frankel, Secy., headqrs 260 Noe; meets 2nd-4th Thursdays.
Beer Bottlers, No. 293—F. L. Weissenberger, Secy., headqrs 260 Noe. Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays at headqrs.
Broom Makers—J. H. Holtem, Secy., 231 Flood ave. Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, 1314 Alabama.
Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet at Sheet Metal Workers' Hall, 13th and Market; W. McIntosh, Business Agent, 3837 21st.
Butchers, No. 115—D. J. Murray, Business Agent headqrs, 2774 Bryant. Meet every Sunday, 2 p. m., northwest corner 22d and Folsom.
Boat Builders—R. C. Pierce, Secy., 16 Palmer st., Alameda. Meet first and third Wednesdays, 1408 Golden Gate ave.
Bottle Caners—Emma Wanderer, Secy., 116 Alabama.
Carriage and Wagon Workers—W. Sharp, Secy., 1133 Mission.
Cigar Makers—E. L. Belknap, Secy., headqrs 339 Noe. Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, at headqrs.
Cloth Hat and Cap Makers, No. 9—J. Blum, Secy., Postoffice Station No. 2, Mission Road.
Cemetery Employes—P. J. Kennedy, Secy., Colma, San Mateo Co. Meet first and third Wednesdays at Wolfe's Hall, Ocean View.
Coopers (Slack Barrel), No. 28—W. Randolph, Secy., 22d and Florida. Meet third Wednesdays at Kentucky and 22d.
Coopers (Machine), No. 131—H. Morton, Secy., P. O. Box 65, Mill Valley. Meet at Potrero Opera House.
Coopers, No. 65—I. P. Beban, Secy., 2325 Lombard; meet 2nd and 4th Fridays at 28th and Church.
Cooks, No. 44—Meet Thursdays, 8 p. m., at headqrs, 429 Ivy ave.; A. Balslow, Secy.
Cloak Makers—Headqrs 3611 Sacramento; I. Jacoby, Secy., 901 Stanyan.
Drug Clerks, No. 472—Meet Fridays, 8 p. m., at headqrs, 1422 Steiner.
Electrical Workers, No. 151—Headqrs Market and 13th, Sheet Metal Workers' Hall; meet every Tuesday.
Freight Handlers—J. J. Ryan, Secy., 3252 Harrison.
Furniture and Piano Drivers—Wm. H. Marden, Secy., 147 Fair Oak.
Garment Cutters, No. 45—E. Corpe, 124A Eureka; meet Wednesday, 8 p. m., at 3294 Folsom.
Garment Workers, No. 131—Headqrs 6 Waller; Miss A. Burkhardt, Business Agent, at headqrs, 2 to 4 p. m.
Gas Workers—2d-4th Saturdays, Sheet Metal Workers' Hall, 13th and Market; Geo. Bell, Business Agent, 1920 Filbert; A. F. Colman, Secy., 241 Duboce ave.

Glass Bottle Blowers—G. S. Reeves, Secy., 3233 17th. Meet Saturdays at 22d and Hampshire.
Glove Workers—C. H. Saman, Secy., 612 Laguna. Meet 264 Jersey, Sundays, at 2 p. m.
Hackmen—J. Dowling, Secy., 621 Grove. Meet Saturdays, Mowry's Hall, Grove and Laguna.
Hotel, Restaurant and Bar Miscellaneous—Headqrs 431 Ivy ave.
Hatters—C. Davis, Secy., 1458 Market.
Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays at 331 Noe; Geo. L. Stroecker, Secy., 209 Dorland.
Janitors—C. Shuttleworth, Secy., 660 Linden ave.
Jewelry Workers—C. L. Wuersching, Secy., 1677 10th ave., Sunset Dist.; meet St. Helen Hall, 1st Sunday July, 2 p. m.
Journeyman Horseshoers—Tim Sullivan, Secy., 328 Castro. Meet second and fourth Mondays, at 24th and Chattanooga.
Laundry Wagon Drivers—D. Leary, Secy., 19th and Bryant.
Leather Workers on Horse Goods—P. Lamb, Secy., 593 Castro; meet Sundays, 2 p. m., at 20 Diamond.
Machinists, No. 68—Headqrs Eagles' Hall, 1735 Market; H. M. Burnett, Secy. Meet Eagles' Hall Wednesday evenings.
Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge, No. 1—L. R. Hooper, Secy., 251 Arkansas.
Machine Hands—L. McLennan, Secy., 981 Valencia.
Molders, No. 164—Headqrs 3003 Mission. Meet every Thursday at Sheet Metal Workers' Hall, 13th and Market.
Metal Polishers—Headqrs, 948 Eddy.
Milkers—Meet 1st-3d Tuesdays, Gruetli Hall, nr. Five-Mile House, Mission Road; F. Brickir, 57 Bernal ave.
Milk Wagon Drivers—W. E. Decker, Secy., 698 Fulton; M. Shannon, Business Agent, 1078 York.
Musicians—J. A. Keogh, Secy., headqrs 68 Haight.
Newspaper Mailers—J. B. Reighley, Secy., 199 Caselli ave.
Pavers, No. 18—J. W. Leary, Secy., 128 Eureka.
Post Office Clerks—G. W. Jones, Secy., 1613 Baker.
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—T. A. Monahan, Secy. Headqrs, Folsom St. Bulkhead. Meet Tuesdays, at 9 Mission.
Picture Frame Workers—Otto Schulz, Secy., Larkspur, Cal. Meet first and third Tuesdays, 936 Fillmore.
Photo Engravers, No. 8—A. J. Gallagher, headqrs 416 Oak.
Piano, Organ and Musical Instrument Workers, No. 12—M. Kopp, Secy., 2010 Vermont.
Printing Pressmen, No. 24—James H. Roxborough, Secy., 2482½ Market. Meet Sundays, 2 p. m., 335 Noe.
Pattern Makers—J. G. Toshack, Secy., 3227 21st; meets at call of Executive Committee at 3227 21st.
Press Feeders and Assistants—Ed. McGenity, Business Agent, 155 Henry.
Rammermen—E. M. Gillen, Secy., 617 Mariposa.
Retail Clerks, No. 432—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., at Headquarters, 1422 Steiner; Chas. Lee, Secy.
Retail Shoe Clerks, No. 410—Meet Mondays, 8 p. m., at Headquarters, 1422 Steiner; Max Licht, Secy.
Retail Delivery Drivers—Frank McHugh, 197 Duboce. Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 2570 Geary.
Stationary Firemen—C. F. Kraut, 1129 Tennessee.
Steam Fitters and Helpers—H. Delaney, Secy., 1529 Turk. Meet 339 29th.
Steam Laundry Workers, No. 26—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays at headqrs, Twin Peaks Hall, 17th and Noe; Miss Carrie Parmer, Secy.
Street Railway Employes, Division No. 205—J. H. Bowling, Secy., headqrs 835 Webster; R. Cornelius, Pres. and Business Agent, res. 432 Walnut; meet at 317 Devisadero, Saturdays, 8 p. m.
Sailors Union of the Pacific—A. Furuseth, Secy., headqrs Folsom-st. Bulkhead; meet Mondays, 3 p. m., at Sailors' Home, Harrison and Main.
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—A. Johnston, Examiner stereotyping dept., Folsom nr. Spear; Frank Billington, Secy., 645 Taylor ave., Alameda.
Ship Drillers—E. L. Perret, Bodwin and Dwight, nr. Five-Mile House, San Bruno.
Ship Joiners—J. H. Cattran, Secy., 10 Folsom. Meet second and fourth Sundays, 14 Folsom.
Ship Scalers—H. Woodville, Secy., 209 6th ave., cor. California. Meet Mondays, 1 Vallejo.
Sail Makers—C. H. Hatch, Secy., 371 San Carlos ave.
Soda and Mineral Water Bottlers—Jacob Karn, Secy., 1683 48th ave.
Sugar Workers—Meet at Potrero Opera House, 18th and Tennessee.

Soap, Soda and Candle Workers—C. L. Schilling, 314 Utah.
Stablemen—J. Killian, Secy., Fire Dept. Stable, 10th and Brannan.
Tanners—R. Urbias, Secy., 949 Hampshire. Meet Wednesdays, 24th and Potrero ave.
Tailors (Journeyman), No. 2—H. T. Ajax, Business Agent, 3826 Grove st., Oakland.
Teamsters, No. 85—Headqrs 523 5th; John McLaughlin, Secy., res. 4290 Mission; meet at Strickler's Hall, 28th and Church, Sunday at 2 p. m.
Theatrical Stage Employes—S. I. Simmons, Secy., 434 3d ave. Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, St. Helen Hall, 15th and Market.
Typographical, No. 21—Headqrs 425 15th st., Oakland; H. L. White, Secy.
Upholsterers—J. H. Peacock, Secy., 269 Hickory ave.; headqrs 640 Olive ave.
Undertakers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 2666 Mission.
Waiters, No. 30—Headqrs Scott and Eddy. Meet first and third Thursdays, at 2 p. m., at headqrs.
Waitresses, No. 48—Miss M. Andrews, Business Agent, headqrs, 431 Ivy ave. Meets Mondays, 2 p. m., at headqrs.
Web Pressmen—Meet first Monday at 340 9th.
Woman's Union Label League—Meets Mondays, 8 p. m., at 577 Noe; Mrs. Annie Arnold, Secy., 18 Beaver.
California State Federation of Labor—Headqrs 835 Webster.
Japanese and Korean Exclusion League—Headqrs 860 McAllister.
Building Trades Council—Headqrs 640 Golden Gate ave. State Building Trades Council, headqrs Laguna and McAllister, rms. 1-2.
City Front Federation—Headqrs Folsom-st. Bulkhead; meets Wednesdays at 8 p. m. at headqrs.
Iron Trades Council—Meets 1st and 3d Mondays, 260 Noe.
Allied Provision Trades Council—Meets at 431 Ivy ave.

The Chicago Federation of Labor is to organize a union for women in the stock yards. The work will begin immediately after General Organizer Pierce returns from the meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor at Washington where he is now completing the plans.

A voluntary increase of 10 per cent has been granted all cotton mill employes in Danielson, Moosep, Jewett City, Waungan and many other places in Windham and New London counties, Conn. The action of the mill owners affects 20,000 persons.

A. M. Tiedeman, the popular Sergeant-at-Arms of the Labor Council, will retire from that position, he having entered the liquor business with his brother. The firm is located at McAllister and Gough streets.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice. HUMBOLDT SAVINGS BANK, 626 Market Street.

For the half year ending June 30th, 1906, a dividend on all savings deposits has been declared at the rate of three and six-tenths (3 6-10) per cent per annum, free of taxes, payable on and after Monday, July 2nd, 1906. Dividends not called for are added to and bear the same rate of interest as the principal from July 1st, 1906.
j6-2t W. E. PALMER, Cashier.

Dividend Notice. SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY, 101 Montgomery St., Corner of Sutter,

Has declared a dividend for the term ending June 30, 1906, at the rate of three and one-half (3½) per cent per annum on all deposits, free of taxes, and payable on and after July 2, 1906. Dividends not called for are added to and bear the same rate of interest as principal.
Ju29-2t EDWIN BONNELL, Cashier.

Dividend Notice. CALIFORNIA SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY.

Cor. California and Montgomery Sts.

For the six months ending June 30, 1906, dividends have been declared on the deposits in the savings department of this company as follows: On term deposits at the rate of 3 6-10 per cent per annum, and on ordinary deposits at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum, free of taxes, and payable on and after Monday, July 2, 1906.
ju23-3t J. DALZELL BROWN, Manager.

LIST OF UNION OFFICES



ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL.

Abbott, F. H., 605 San Pablo ave., Oakland.
 Altwater Printing Co., 2593 Mission st., S. F.
 American Printing Co., 355 McAllister st., bet. Larkin and Polk sts., S. F.
 Art Printery, The, 1208 Golden Gate ave., S. F.
 Barry, Jas. H. Co., 2145 Center st., Berkeley.
 Benson, Charles W., 425 Berry st., S. F.
 Boulton-Leichner Co., 519 Filbert st., S. F.
 Boutes, Louis E., 1833 Green st., S. F.
 Brunt, W. N. Co., 336 Main st., S. F.
 Buckley & Curtin, 1735 Dolores st., S. F.
 Bulletin, The.
 Calkins Newspaper Syndicate, Clay st., nr. East, S. F.
 Call, The.
 Collins, C. J., 3358 Twenty-second st., S. F.
 Cooper, F. J., Adv. Agency, Eighth and Brannan sts., S. F.
 Chronicle, The.
 Coast Seamen's Journal.
 Daily News, Ninth st., nr. Folsom, S. F.
 Dettner-Wilson Press, 530 Telegraph ave., Oakland.
 Eastman & Co., 2792 Pine st., S. F.
 Eastman, Frank & Co., 2259 Jackson st., S. F.
 Examiner, The.
 Fisk & Slyter, 684 San Jose ave., cor. 29th st., S. F.
 Gate City Printing Co., 2303 1/2 Bush st., S. F.
 Golden State Printing Co., 1842 Sutter st., S. F.
 Golden West Press.
 Greater San Francisco Printing Co., 14 Leavenworth st., S. F.
 Hancock Bros., 567 Williams st., Oakland.
 Hicks-Judd Company, 1000A Golden Gate ave., S. F.
 Hughes, E. C. Co., 725 Folsom st., S. F.
 Labor Clarion, 2089 Fifteenth st., S. F.
 Latham & Emanuel, 971 Howard st., S. F.
 Liss, H. C., 500 Utah st., S. F.
 Lynch & Hurley, 3476 Twentieth st., S. F.
 Majestic Press, 1919 Ellis st., S. F.
 Mitchell, John J., 2317 Webster st., Berkeley.
 Monahan, John, 208 Noe st., S. F.
 Morris & Blair, 3232 Mission st., S. F.
 Nevin, C. W. & Co., 404 Seventh st., Oakland.
 Pacific Heights Printery, 2438 Sacramento st., S. F.
 Post, The Evening.
 Roesch Co., Louis, 2513 Howard st., S. F.
 Rooney, J. V. Co., 3237 Nineteenth st., S. F.
 Sanders Printing Co., 2631 Clay st., S. F.
 Springer & Co., 1532 Geary st., S. F.
 Stanley-Taylor Co., 2308 California st., S. F.
 Standard Printing Co., 1511 Geary st., S. F.
 Stuetzel & Co., 57-59 Clementina st., S. F.
 Sutter Press, 448 Haight st., S. F.
 Upton & Williams, 112 Hayes st., S. F.
 Vallean & Phillips Co., 686 Thirty-fourth st., Oakland.
 Van Cott, W. S., 1561 Post st., S. F.
 Walden, Edward, 426 Fulton st., S. F.
 Wale Printing Co., Fillmore and Bush sts., S. F.
 Williams, Jos., 1329 Ellis st., S. F.

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS

Davis, Nolan Co., Market and Franklin sts., S. F.
 Phoenix Photo-Engraving Co., 325 Eighth st., Oakland.
 Sierra Engraving Co., 560 Ninth st., Oakland.

BOOKBINDERS

Barry, Ed., Webster st., S. F.
 Brown & Power Co., Clay and Sansome sts., S. F.
 Hicks-Judd Co., Fourteenth and Valencia sts., S. F.
 Kitchen, Jno. & Co., Geary and Buchanan sts., S. F.
 McGeeney, Wm., San Francisco.
 McIntyre, Jno. B., Tenth and Market sts., Oakland.
 Malloye, Frank & Co., Seventh and Mission sts., S. F.
 Stanley-Taylor Co., 2308 California st., S. F.
 Upton & Williams, 112 Hayes st., S. F.
 Webster, Fred, Hayes and Devisadero sts., S. F.

Note.—The office of the Allied Printing Trades Council of San Francisco is located temporarily at 342 Ninth st. Business Agent Geo. A. Tracy and Secretary D. T. Powers may be addressed as above.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Freight and Baggage-men of America is the youngest of railroad brotherhoods. It also has had a rapid growth, and now numbers 106 divisions, situated in different parts of the United States and Canada.

In a decision handed down in the circuit court at St. Louis Judge O'Neill Ryan practically told the citizens of St. Louis that they might buy goods on trust from a trust, but could not be compelled to pay therefor. The case on trial was the Cahill-Swift Manufacturing company against Joseph E. Walsh, a plumber.

Nothing is union made that does not bear the union label, the statement of the retailer, manufacturer and retail clerk to the contrary notwithstanding.

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Expert Watchmakers
and Jewelers

2106 FILLMORE STREET

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Formerly of 59 Third Street

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Golden Gate Avenue and Fillmore Street

The German Savings and Loan Society

526 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.
 Guaranteed Capital and Surplus.....\$2,500,098.42
 Capital actually paid up in cash.... 1,000,000.00
 Deposits, June 30, 1905.....37,738,672.17
 F. Tillmann, Jr., President; Daniel Meyer, First Vice-President; Emil Rohte, Second Vice-President; A. H. R. Schmidt, Cashier; Wm. Herrman, Asst. Cashier; George Tourny, Secretary; A. H. Muller, Asst. Secretary.
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4000 Families Secure Homes

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Alexander 'll fix you---

I'll bleach and block your Panama

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FORMERLY OF 10 THIRD ST.,

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AT

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Near Geary

Agents for W. L. Douglas and Buckingham
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UNION STAMPED.

SAFES that SAVED

MR. I. FREEMAN, 2518 Clay St., San Francisco:
 The No. 60 Pittsburg Safe saved all of our books and papers, and saved them in perfect condition. Our building was totally destroyed by fire, and was as hot and long a fire as any in the city. We had hundreds of tons of paper and printing material, and for over two weeks after the fire the ruins continued to burn. The Pittsburg Safe is all that is claimed.

SUNSET PRESS.

H. C. Tibbitts, Pres.

\$1,500 in currency which was in this Safe during the fire was taken out, looking as though it had just been issued from the U. S. Treasury.

Send for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials similar to above.

THE SAME GOOD

Lundstrom HATS

are being made in our old shop in the rear of our Market Street Store, by the same Union Hatters.

Sold at our "Uptown" Store

530 HAIGHT STREET

NEAR FILLMORE

Will resume at our Market Street Store as soon as building is completed, about July 1st.

New Type

New Presses

WALTER N. BRUNT

COMPANY

(Formerly Second and Mission Streets)

Printing, Badges,
Regalia, Buttons, Etc.

NOW RUNNING AT

336 MAIN ST.

Bet. Folsom and Harrison, S. F.

STRICTLY UNION

Enterprise Brewing Co.

2015-25 FOLSOM STREET

Employs Only Union Men in All Its Departments

BREWERS OF
ORIGINAL EXTRA PALE BOHEMIAN,
CULMBACHER, PILSENER,
STEAM AND PORTER

For Sale in all Leading Groceries and Saloons

This is the Label of the
Journeymen Tailors' Union
OF AMERICA
used on Custom-Made Clothing



The following named custom tailoring firms, entitled to use the Union Label of Journeymen Tailors' Union of America, Local No. 2, have resumed business and so notified the officers of No. 2. Other firms which may open are requested to notify H. T. Ajax, 3826 Grove St., Oakland, and arrangements will immediately be made to supply them with labels and add their names to this list.

Kelleher & Browne 16 Octavia St.
Abe Jacobs, 4036 Eighteenth St.
Armstrong & Levy, 2230 15th or 557 Linden Ave.
Charles Lyons cor. Byington Ave. & Fillmore, bet. Elis and O'Farrell.
L. Lubin, 2538 Mission St.
H. Levy, 1790 Sutter, cor. Buchanan.
O'Connor & O'Reilly, 612 Webster street.

Hansen & Elrick

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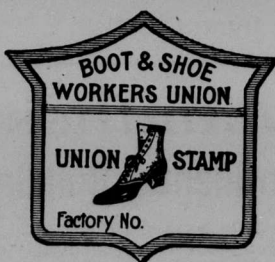
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Caps and Bands sold separately. Made according to specifications of United Railroads

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Union Members, Be Consistent Buy Shoes Bearing the Union Stamp

Union Stamp Shoes for Men, Women and Children can be had if you insist. If you don't insist you are actually an employer of Convict Unfair and Citizens' Alliance Labor.

The Union Stamp stands for Arbitration, Peace and Liberty in the Shoe Trade. Shoes without the Stamp stand for Convict, Unfair, Non-Union and Alliance Labor, supported by fraud and slander.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union

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Complete assortment of Stiff and Soft Hats
Best \$2.50 Hat that can be bought
Panama Hats, \$5

We'll clean, bleach, block and trim your old Panama
Our reputation as reliable and practical Hatters will assure you of good values

A Trial will convince You

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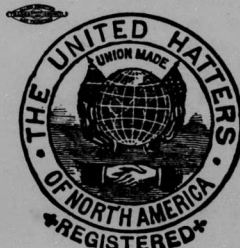


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DON'T

Wear a Hat Without It

Don't patronize a dealer who has LOOSE LABELS. Take a look at it when you are buying a Hat and see that the Union Label of the United Hatters of North America is in it. Beware of counterfeit labels. Genuine labels are always sewed in.

WHEN YOU
DRINK BEER
See that this Label is on
the Keg or Bottle.

